

### Millfields First School

## **PSHE Policy**

(including Relationships and Health Education statutory from September 2020, and our position on Sex Education )

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Chair of Governors (signature)

Head Teacher (signature)

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#### Context

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

 Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

"All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships Education and RSE."

DfE Guidance p.11

#### **PSHE**

At Millfields First School, we teach Personal, Social, Health Education as a whole-school approach to underpin children's development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

"Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum."

DfE Guidance p.8

The Jigsaw Programme we use offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work which brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area.

The overview of the programme can be seen on the school website. This shows exactly how Jigsaw and therefore our school, meets the statutory Relationships and Health Education requirements.

This also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects required under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our children.

### Statutory Relationships and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education. They also make Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools."

DfE Guidance p.8

Here, at Millfields First School we value PSHE as one way to support children's development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme. As we are a First School, not a Primary school, some of the statutory guidance mentioned here will be taught in Middle school.

Our PSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education (statutory guidance)
- Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline)
- Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils)
- Equality Act 2010 and schools
- SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years (statutory guidance)
- Alternative Provision (statutory guidance)
- Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools)
- Preventing and Tackling Bullying (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts)
- Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC)
- SMSC requirements for independent schools (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development).

The Jigsaw Programme is aligned to the PSHE Association Programmes of Study for PSHE.

What do we teach when and who teaches it?

### Whole-school approach

Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content		
Autumn 1:	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.		
Autumn 2:	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding difference		
Spring 1:	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and how to contribute to society		

Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise
Summer 1:	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss
Summer 2:	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and coping positively with change

At Millfields First School we allocate a specific time to PSHE each week in order to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way.

These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways:

Assemblies and collective worship, praise and reward system, through relationships child to child, adult to child and adult to adult across the school. We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community. We use NSPCC "Pants" talk with children as appropriate and children are able to talk to a trusted adult at any point.

Class teachers deliver the weekly lessons to their own classes.

### Relationships Education

### What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Relationships Education in primary schools will cover 'Families and people who care for me', 'Caring friendships', 'Respectful relationships', 'Online relationships', and 'Being safe'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. the Celebrating Difference Puzzle helps children appreciate that there are many types of family composition and that each is important to the children involved. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum.

### Health Education

## What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Health Education in primary schools will cover 'Mental wellbeing', 'Internet safety and harms', Physical health and fitness', Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', 'Changing adolescent body'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g.emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through the Calm me time, social skills are grown every lesson through the Connect us activity and respect is enhanced through the use of the Jigsaw Charter.

Teaching children about puberty is now a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the 'Changing adolescent body' strand. We have collaborated with St John's Middle School, and this strand is taught by them in Years 5 and 6.

#### Sex Education

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p.23) recommends that all primary schools 'have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils.

However, 'Sex Education is not compulsory in primary schools'. (p. 23)

At Millfields First School, we believe that sex education does not need to be part of the curriculum by Year 4. We have been in consultation with St John's Middle school who will deliver all of the primary statutory duty in this area. Transition lead will talk to other Middle Schools about their provision and what we provide.

In the light of this we do not teach the following Jigsaw lessons: Changing Me- Year 3 lessons 2--4, Year 4 lesson 2 and 3.

"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory Relationships and Sex Education" DfE Guidance p.17

As Millfields First School are not delivering sex education, parents have no right to withdraw from PHSE lessons, including relationships education.

As and when necessary, with individual parental permission, menstruation is talked about with specific girls, including how school's arrangements allow privacy for them.

### Monitoring and Review

The Curriculum Committee of the governing body monitors this policy on an annual basis. This committee reports its findings and recommendations to the full governing body, as necessary, if the policy needs modification. The Curriculum Committee gives serious consideration to any comments from parents about the PSHE (RSHE) programme, and makes a record of all such comments. Governors scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are in accordance with the school's ethos.

### Equality

### This policy will inform the school's Equalities Plan.

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p. 15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics.

At the point at which schools consider it appropriate to teach their pupils about LGBTQ+ (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender), they should ensure this content is fully integrated into their programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. Schools are free to determine how they do this, and we expect all pupils to have been taught LGBTQ+ content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum".

At Millfields First School we promote respect for all and value every individual child.

LGBTQ+ is not mentioned specifically in lessons for children aged 4-9, however, in lessons that explore differences in families, pictorial resources representing a range of relationships is displayed.

Jigsaw PSHE documents needed to explain this policy:

Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education (mapping document)

### Relationships Education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance 2019

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults.

The guidance states that, by the end of primary school (4-11):

Families and people who care for me  • that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability.  • the characteristics of healthy family life,  • the characteristics of healthy family life,
<ul> <li>commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.</li> <li>that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.</li> <li>that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.</li> <li>that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious).</li> <li>how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.</li> <li>about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help.</li> <li>what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive.</li> <li>the importance of permission-seeking and</li> </ul>

#### Online that people sometimes behave differently All of these aspects are relationships covered in lessons within online, including by pretending to be someone the Puzzles they are not. that the same principles apply to online Relationships relationships as to face-to-face relationships, Changing Me including the importance of respect for others Celebrating online including when we are anonymous. Difference the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them. how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met. how information and data is shared and used Being safe what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in All of these aspects are friendships with peers and others (including in covered in lessons within the Puzzles a digital context). about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; Relationships Changing Me including that it is not always right to keep Celebrating secrets if they relate to being safe. Difference that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact. how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know. how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard, how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.

where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or

other sources.

# Physical health and mental well-being education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing. Teachers should be clear that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

By the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
Mental wellbeing	<ul> <li>that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.</li> <li>that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.</li> <li>how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.</li> <li>how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.</li> <li>the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being and happiness.</li> <li>simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.</li> <li>isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.</li> <li>that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being.</li> <li>where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).</li> <li>it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who</li> </ul>	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles  • Healthy Me • Relationships • Changing Me • Celebrating Difference

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	do, the problems can be resolved if the	
	right support is made available,	
	especially if accessed early enough.	
Internet safety	<ul> <li>that for most people the internet is an</li> </ul>	All of these aspects are covered
and harms	integral part of life and has many	in lessons within the Puzzles
	benefits.	
	<ul> <li>about the benefits of rationing time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Relationships</li> </ul>
	spent online, the risks of excessive time	<ul> <li>Healthy Me</li> </ul>
	spent on electronic devices and the	
	impact of positive and negative content	
	online on their own and others' mental	
	and physical wellbeing.	
	how to consider the effect of their	
	online actions on others and knowhow	
	to recognise and display respectful	
	behaviour online and the importance of	
	keeping personal information private.	
	why social media, some computer	
	games and online gaming, for example,	
	are age restricted.	
	<ul> <li>that the internet can also be a negative</li> </ul>	
	place where online abuse, trolling,	
	bullying and harassment can take place,	
	which can have a negative impact on	
	mental health.	
	<ul> <li>how to be a discerning consumer of</li> </ul>	
	information online including	
	understanding that information,	
	including that from search engines, is	
	ranked, selected and targeted.	
	<ul> <li>where and how to report concerns and</li> </ul>	
	get support with issues online.	
Physical health	the characteristics and mental and	All of these aspects are covered
and fitness	physical benefits of an active lifestyle.	in lessons within the Puzzles
and inchess		in lessons within the ruzzles
	the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines	Healthy Me
	and how to achieve this; for example,	Ticalcity wie
	walking or cycling to school, a daily	
	active mile or other forms of regular,	
	vigorous exercise.	
	<ul> <li>the risks associated with an inactive</li> </ul>	
	lifestyle (including obesity).	
	<ul> <li>how and when to seek support</li> </ul>	
	including which adults to speak to in	
	school if they are worried about their	
	health.	
Healthy eating		All of these aspects are covered
ricarrily carrilg	what constitutes a healthy diet     (including understanding calories and	in lessons within the Puzzles
	(including understanding calories and other nutritional content).	in 16330113 WILLIIII LITE FUZZIES
	<u> </u>	Healthy Me
	the principles of planning and preparing     a range of healthy mode.	i realthy lyle
	a range of healthy meals.	<u> </u>

	<ul> <li>the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).</li> </ul>	
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	<ul> <li>how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body.</li> <li>about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.</li> <li>the importance of sufficient good</li> </ul>	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles  • Healthy Me
	<ul> <li>quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.</li> <li>about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing.</li> <li>the facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination</li> </ul>	
Basic first aid	<ul> <li>how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.</li> <li>concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.</li> </ul>	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles  • Healthy Me
Changing adolescent body	<ul> <li>key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.</li> <li>about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.</li> </ul>	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles  • Changing Me  • Healthy Me

# Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education (mapping document)

Nge Group	Being Me In My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Ages 3-5 ((1-(2))	Self-intensity Understanding feelings Being in a discream Being guide Rights and responsibilities	Identifying Lakints fining special Families White we like Meking triends Standing up for yourself	Challenges Personance George Challenge Overcoming obstacles Seeking help Jobs Actioning goals	Exercising Bodies Physical activity Healthy food Sloop Keeping clean Safety	Family life friendships Breaking friendships Failing out Desling with bullying Being a good friend	Bodies Respecting my body Growing up Growth and charge flux and teers Celebrations
Ages 5-6	Feeling special and safe there part of a class Flights, and responsibilities Rewards and feeling proud Consequences Owning the Learning Charter	Similarities and differences Understanding bulking and knowing how to deal with it Making new friends Celebrating the differences in everyone	Setting goals Identifying successes and auchievements Learning styles Working well and calebrating achievement with a partner Tackling new challenges Identifying and overcoming obstacles. Feelings of success	Keeping reyou'll neathly Healthorn intentitie chemon Keeping claim Being cafe Medicine safety/hadets with household mems Road safety Landeng health and happaness	Belonging to a family Making framshylbang, a good framed Physical contact preferences People who help us Qualities as a framet and person Sein-acknowlengement Being a good friend to myself Calestrating special relationships	Ufficiency animal and human Changes in me Changes since being a baby Oliferences between female and male boden (correct terminology) Unking proving and learning Coping with change Transdam
Ages 6-7	Hopes and fears for the year Rights and responsibilities Brawell and consequences Safe and fair learning crack connect Valuing contributions Choices Recognising Feelings	Assumptions and stereotypes about gender Understanding bulbary. Standing up for self and others. Making new triends Gender diversity. Celebrating difference and remaining themas.	Achieving realistic goals Perseverance Learning when this Learning with others Croup co operation Contributing to and sharing success	Mothesion Healthier choices Helioodism Healthy esting and nucrition Healthier snacks and sharing food	Different types of family Physical contact boundaries Prevalency and contlet Secrets Truct and appreciation Expressing appreciation for special relationships	Ufe cycles in nature Growing from young to old Instructing independencie Differences in female and male bodies (correct terminology) Assertiveness Freparing for transition
Ages 7-8	Setting personal goals Self-identity and worth Postinisty in challenges Rulas, rights and responsibilities Riewards and renniquencies Riewards and renniquencies Seeing things from others' perspectives	Families and their differences.  Family conflict and hims to manage is (table central).  Witnessing bullying and how to solve it.  Recognising how words can be hartful.  Giving and recolving compliments.	Difficult challenges and achieving success Dreams and antitritions Blow challenges Motivation and enthicisem Recognising and trying to svencione obstacles. Evaluating learning processes Monaging feelings Simple budgeting.	Exercise Fitness Challenges Food liderling and hwidthy roways Attitudes Commit drings Keeping safe and why it's important online and off line scenarios. Respect for myself and others Healthy and safe choices	Family now, and responsibilities Friendship and negotiation Keeping rate entires and who to go to for help. Being a global critises fleety aware of how my obscors affect others. Awareness of how other children have different lives. Expressing appreciation for family and friends.	How bulses grow Understanding a baby's needs Christel body therges inside body changes family stereotypes Challenging my sizes Proparing for transition
Age Group	Being Me In My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Ages 8-9	Deing part of a cleos team theme, a whost among theme (a whost among theme (a cleos team) themes (a cleos team) the cleos team that the cleos that the cleos team that the cleos that the cleos team that the cleos team that the cleos team that the cleos team that the cleos	Challenging assumptions ludging by appearance Accepting self and others Understanding influences Understanding bulliumg Problem-solving identifying how special and unique everyone is first impressions	Flopes and dineams Diversiming disappositionent Creating new, resilizate dineams Achieving goes Winiting in a group Celebrating contributions flositione Positive attitudes	Element friendships Group desenters Smooting Alcohol Assertiveners Peer pressure Colobrating inner strength	Jesiousy Linux and Iron Memories of loved ones Gerting on and Palling Out Gathrends and bastreents Shouling appreciation to people and orienals	Being unique thisking a bisity Sint and puberty Confidence in change Accepting things Preparing for transition Environmental change